



Cymbidium Culture Sheet

Cymbidiums are fairly easy to grow as long as you can offer them a large amount of light, they can be placed in the garden in the sun in summer and until the first frosts.

LIGHT :

The plants must be exposed to a significant light of 40,000 to 80,000 lux. The good sign is the preservation of clear green leaves, they should never be dark

TEMPERATURE :

A large temperature difference between day and night will greatly promote flowering, it will remain in the garden until the first frost and spend the winter in a room not too heated.

Watering :

the watering must be regular and very frequent during the growing period and will gradually slow down in winters, at the onset of the floral hamps, this can be almost stopped.

HUMIDITY :

The humidity must be maintained between 40 and 60%. In apartments, the moisture content can be artificially increased by using an absorbent substrate (sphagnum for example) or by placing the plants on a bed of clay beads.

FERTILIZER :

Fertilize each watering throughout the growing period and after flowering reduce by 4 until new shoots appear.

SUBSTRATE :

The most common is the pine bark, however it can be added with draining elements for better water retention (vermiculite, pearlite, etc.) depending on your growing conditions. This substrate will have to hold water particularly well, so we can add a blonde peat to it. Repotting will be done as little as possible, usually every 3 years